

TABLE A-10. Fatal occupational injuries by primary and secondary source of injury by major private industry division, Colorado, 2002

Primary source and secondary source	Total fatalities (number)	Private Industry ¹ (percent)								
		Agriculture, forestry, and fishing	Mining ²	Construction	Manufacturing	Transportation and public utilities	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services
Total.....	123	18.7	4.1	17.1	4.9	13.8	4.9	9.8	--	19.5
Primary source³										
Vehicles	63	22.2	--	12.7	--	19.0	9.5	7.9	--	14.3
Air vehicle	9	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Aircraft--powered fixed wing	8	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Propeller-driven aircraft	7	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Highway vehicle, motorized	48	20.8	--	16.7	--	16.7	--	10.4	--	14.6
Automobile	8	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Truck	30	16.7	--	16.7	--	23.3	--	10.0	--	13.3
Dump truck	5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Pickup truck	12	25.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Semitrailer, tractor trailer, trailer truck	6	--	--	--	--	83.3	--	--	--	--
Truck, n.e.c.	6	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Van--passenger or light delivery	8	62.5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Plant and industrial powered vehicles, tractors	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Structures and surfaces	15	--	--	40.0	--	--	--	--	--	26.7
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	14	--	--	42.9	--	--	--	--	--	21.4
Floors	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Floor of building	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Ground	6	--	--	50.0	--	--	--	--	--	--
Machinery	8	--	37.5	37.5	--	--	--	--	--	--
Construction, logging, and mining machinery	6	--	50.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Parts and materials	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Persons, plants, animals, and minerals	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Plants, trees, vegetation--not processed	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Trees, logs	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Chemicals and chemical products	7	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Chemical products--general	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Drugs, alcohol, medicines	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Other chemicals	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Oxygen and oxygen compounds, n.e.c.	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Tools, instruments, and equipment	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Handtools--nonpowered	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Other sources	18	--	--	--	--	16.7	--	--	--	44.4
Ammunition	15	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	40.0
Bullets	15	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	40.0
Secondary source⁴										
Vehicles	22	22.7	--	18.2	--	--	--	13.6	--	--
Highway vehicle, motorized	16	25.0	--	--	--	--	--	18.8	--	--
Automobile	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Truck	11	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Pickup truck	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Semitrailer, tractor trailer, trailer truck	5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Rail vehicle	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Train	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE A-10. Fatal occupational injuries by primary and secondary source of injury by major private industry division, Colorado, 2002 - continued

Primary source and secondary source	Total fatalities (number)	Private Industry ¹ (percent)								
		Agriculture, forestry, and fishing	Mining ²	Construction	Manufacturing	Transportation and public utilities	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services
Structures and surfaces	20	--	--	35.0	--	25.0	--	--	--	20.0
Other structural elements	6	--	--	66.7	--	--	--	--	--	--
Roof	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Structures	12	--	--	25.0	--	25.0	--	--	--	--
Towers, poles	8	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Other structures	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Guardrails, road dividers	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Machinery	5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	60.0
Persons, plants, animals, and minerals	15	--	--	--	--	--	--	26.7	--	--
Person--other than injured or ill worker	13	--	--	--	--	--	--	23.1	--	--
Robber	6	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Tools, instruments, and equipment	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

¹ Classified according to the *Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987*

² Includes fatalities at all establishments categorized as Mining (Division B) in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition, including establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.

³ The primary source identifies the object, substance, or exposure that directly produced or inflicted the injury. For transportation incidents, the source identifies the vehicle in which the deceased was an occupant.

⁴ The secondary source of injury, if any, identifies the object, substance, or person that generated the source of injury or that contributed to the event or exposure. For vehicle collisions, the deceased's vehicle is the primary source and the other object (truck, road, divider, etc.) is the secondary

source. For most homicides, the "bullet" is the primary source and the "perpetrator" is the secondary source.

NOTE: Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Percentages may not add to totals because of rounding. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria.

n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified."

Data for 2002 are preliminary; data for previous years are final.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries